WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/050001

	的xoC	o. I Basis of the opinion			
1.	With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.				
	lai	is opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following aguage , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search and 23.1(b)).			
2.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:				
	a. type of material:				
		a sequence listing			
		table(s) related to the sequence listing			
	b. format of material:				
		in written format			
		in computer readable form			
	c. time	of filing/furnishing:			
		contained in the international application as filed.			
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.			
	. 🗆	furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.			
3.	ha . co	addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating theretous been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional pies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as propriate, were furnished.			
4.	Additic	nal comments:			

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/050001

Po	(No. II	Priority			
	(140.11	Priority			
1. 🛛	The following document has not been furnished:				
	×	copy of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(a)).			
		translation of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed (Rule 43bis.1 and 66.7(b)).			
	Consec	quently it has not been possible to consider the validity of the priority claim. This opinion has neless been established on the assumption that the relevant date is the claimed priority date.			
2. 🗆	has be	pinion has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim en found invalid (Rules 43 <i>bis</i> .1 and 64.1). Thus for the purposes of this opinion, the international ate indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.			
3. 🗆	a copy Search	ernational Searching Authority has not been able to consider the validity of the priority claim because of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed was not available to the International sing Authority at the time that the search was conducted (Rule 17.1). This opinion has nevertheless stablished on the assumption that the relevant date is the claimed priority date.			
4. Add	ditional o	observations, if necessary:			

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/050001

Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability								
Th	e questions whether the claimed vious), or to be industrially applic	invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non able have not been examined in respect of:						
	the entire international application,							
\boxtimes	claims Nos. 29-31							
be	because:							
	the said international application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):							
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):							
	the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.							
X	no international search report	nas been established for the whole application or for said claims Nos. 29-31						
	the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing does not comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions in that:							
	the written form	☐ has not been furnished						
		☐ does not comply with the standard						
	the computer readable form	□ has not been furnished						
		☐ does not comply with the standard						
	the tables related to the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in computer readable form only, denot comply with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.							
	See separate sheet for further	details						

						The second second			
	Box No. IV	Lack of unity of	inventio	1		-			
1.	☑ In response to the invitation (Form PCT/ISA/206) to pay additional fees, the applicant has:								
	☐ paid additional fees.								
		□ paid additional fees under protest.							
		not paid additional	.000.						
2.	This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose not to invite the applicant to pay additional fees.								
3.	This Authori	ity considers that the	e requirer	nent of uni	ty of invention in	accordance with Rul	le 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is		
		h							
	□ complied	s with				·	•		
		□ not complied with for the following reasons: □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □							
	see sep	see separate sheet							
4.	Consequent	Consequently, this report has been established in respect of the following parts of the international application:							
	☐ all parts.	□ all parts.							
	★ the parts	the parts relating to claims Nos. 1-28, 32-37							
	Box No. V industrial a	Reasoned stater pplicability; citation				egard to novelty, in uch statement	nventive step or		
١.	Statement								
	Novelty (N)		Yes:	Claims	, 1-28				
		•	No:	Claims	32-37				
	Inventive ste	ep (IS)	Yes:	Claims	1-28	•			
			No:	Claims	32-37				
	Industrial ap	plicability (IA)	Yes:	Claims	1-28,32-37				
	,		No:	Claims			·		
	·								
	Citatiana an	d avalanations							

see separate sheet

PCT/GB2004/050001

IV - Lack of Unity of Invention

This Authority considers that there are two inventions covered by the claims indicated as follows:

- I. Claims 1-28, 32-37: apparatus and method for handling pipes.
- II. Claims 29-31: a method for indicating slips of an elevator have engaged a pipe.

The reasons for which the inventions are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept, as required by Rule 13.1 PCT, are as follows.

The prior art has been identified as being **D1: US-A-2002/121160** which discloses a method and apparatus for handling pipes. From a comparison of the disclosure of this prior art and the technical features of independent claim 1 (which is the first independent claim relating to invention I), the features which are known from **D1** (see pages 4 and 5 in particular), are the following:

a body having a tapered surface and at least a first slip and a second slip slidable on the tapered surface,

a slip actuator for setting said at least first slip and said second slip

so that the technical feature of claim 1 that can be seen to make a contribution over this prior art (Special Technical Features (STF), Rule 13.2 PCT) is:

the first slip and the second slip have interengaging elements therebetween such that upon actuation of said slip actuator, said first slip is set and said second slip is set by the interengaging elements transferring the setting force from the slip actuator through said first slip to said second slip.

From this STF the objective problem to be solved by the first invention can be construed as:

providing a slip mechanism whereby the at least two slips are configured with an interengaging member which allows the slips to part from each other. These elements allows the transfer of force from the actuator to the slips therefore setting the slips simultaneously and unsetting the slips evenly, thereby reducing the damage to the pipe member and increasing the grip on the pipe.

From a comparison of the disclosure of this prior art and the technical features of

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/GB2004/050001

independent claim 29, the features of said claim that can be seen to make a contribution over this prior art (STF) are:

a piston passing a signal port upon which pressurised hydraulic fluid communicates with hydraulic fluid in a line connected to the signal port which indicates to the controller that the slips are actuated.

From this, the objective problem to be solved can be construed as providing a method whereby the actuation of the slips is indicated to the operator.

The above analysis shows that the special technical features of invention I (claim 1) are neither the same as nor corresponding to those of invention II (claim 29).

Also, examining the possible correspondence by technical effect, one finds the technical effect of the first invention to be the use of interengaging elements to set a slip apparatus and that the technical effect of the second invention to be the use of a hydraulic line to alert the operator that the slips have been set.

This appears to show lack of corresponding technical effect as well. Consequently, neither the objective problem underlying the subjects of the two claimed inventions, nor their solutions as defined by the special technical features allow for a relationship to be established between the said inventions, which involves a single general inventive concept.

In conclusion therefore, the two groups of claims are not linked by common or corresponding special technical features and define two different inventions not linked by a single general inventive concept. The application does not meet the requirements of Unity of Invention as required in Rule 13(1) and (2) PCT.

As no search has been carried out for claims 29 to 31, this opinion will be prosecuted on claims 1 to 28 and claims 32 to 37.

V - Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

V-1 Clarity of Claims

Although claims 1, 20, 32, 33, 34 and 35 have been drafted as separate independent claims, they appear to relate effectively to the same subject-matter and to differ from each other only with regard to the definition of the subject-matter for which protection is sought and in respect of the terminology used for the features of that subject-matter. The aforementioned claims therefore lack conciseness and as such do not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT.

V-2 Claims 1 to 19

The document **D1: US-A-2002/121160** is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of **claim 1** and discloses an apparatus for handling pipes (see pages 4 and 5 and figure 4),

the apparatus comprising a body having a tapered surface and at least a first slip and a second slip slidable on the tapered surface,

the apparatus further comprising a slip actuator for setting said at least first slip and said second slip.

From this, the subject-matter of independent claim 1 differs in that said first slip and said second slip have interengaging elements therebetween such that upon actuation of said slip actuator, said first slip is set and said second slip is set by the interengaging elements transferring the setting force from the slip actuator through said first slip to said second slip.

The subject-matter of claim 1 is therefore novel (Article 33(2) PCT).

The problem to be solved by the present invention may be regarded as providing a slip mechanism whereby the at least two slips are configured with an interengaging member which allows the slips to part from each other. These elements allows the transfer of force from the actuator to the slips therefore setting the slips simultaneously and unsetting the slips evenly, thereby reducing the damage to the pipe member and increasing the grip on the pipe.

The solution to this problem proposed in **claim 1** of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) as none of the documents of the prior art hint at a slip mechanism whereby the slips are set by an element that transfers the setting force to the next-lying slip.

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/GB2004/050001

Claims 2 to 19 are dependent on claim 1 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

V-3 Claims 20 to 28

The document **D1** is also regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim **20** and discloses an apparatus for handling pipes (see also pages 4 and 5 and figure 4) whereby a tapered surface has a slip slidable thereon. As D1 does not disclose a recess and a pin arranged on the tapered surface or a lug arranged on the slip, said claim meets the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty.

The problem to be solved is the same as that described in V-2 above, namely the transference of the setting force between the slips, which in this case is achieved by a pin and lug system whereby the pin is arranged in a recess and the lug is arranged on the slip. None of the documents of the prior art disclose such an arrangement so said claim is considered to meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to inventive step.

Claims 21 to 28 are dependent on claim 20 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

V-4 Claims 32 to 37

Although claims 32 to 37 do not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT with respect to clarity of claims, the subject-matter of said claims appears to be anticipated by **D2: US-B-6 536 520** as it discloses an elevator system having a hydraulically controlled slip mechanism, said elevator further being attached to the bails of a top drive.